WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. An optical apparatus for directing first and second laser sources to a		
2	media, then directing reflected light to a detector, the improvement comprising:		
3	a single detector for detecting reflected light from both of said laser sources;		
4	and		
5	a grating having a surface configured to diffract reflected light from said first		
6	laser source to said detector, and allowing reflected light from said second laser source to		
7	pass directly to said detector without diffraction.		
1	2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said surface includes:		
2	a first surface with a grating for diffracting reflected light from said first laser		
3	source, and a second surface without a grating for allowing reflected light from said second		
4	laser source to pass without diffraction.		
1	3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said surface includes:		
2	a grating having a pattern configured to diffract reflected light of the		
3	wavelength of said first laser source, and allow reflected light of the wavelength of said		
4	second laser source to pass without diffraction.		
1	4. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said optical apparatus includes:		
2	a beam splitter positioned to split the light from the laser sources and the		
3	reflected light so that the laser sources and the detector can be mounted at an angle to each		
4	other.		
1	5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said optical apparatus includes:		
2	a 3-beam grating positioned to split the light from each of said laser sources		
3	into 3 beams before contacting said media.		
1	6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said optical apparatus includes:		
2	a collimating lens positioned between said laser sources and said medium; and		
3	an objective lens positioned between said collimating lens and said medium.		
1	7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein said laser sources have different		
2	wavelengths, and an optical axis of each of said laser sources, at a point of entering said		
3	objective lens, is parallel to an axis of said objective lens.		

1	8.	The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said detector is a four element	
2	detector.		
1	9.	The apparatus of claim 8, wherein said detector is on a chip having a	
2	second detector po	ositioned to collect light from other orders of the diffracted reflected light	
3	from said first laser and a circuit for combining a signal from said second detector with a		
4	signal from said detector for said first laser.		
1	10.	An optical apparatus for directing first and second laser sources to a	
2		ing reflected light to a detector, the improvement comprising:	
3	·	-beam grating positioned to split the light from each of said laser sources	
4	into 3 beams before contacting said media;		
5		eam splitter positioned to split the light from the laser sources and the	
6	reflected light so that the laser sources and the detector can be mounted at an angle to each		
7	other;		
8		ollimating lens positioned between said laser sources and said medium;	
9	an objective lens positioned between said collimating lens and said medium.		
10			
		erein said laser sources have different wavelengths, and an optical axis of	
11	each of said laser sources, at a point of entering said objective lens, is parallel to an axis of		
12	said objective lens		
13		ingle four element detector for detecting reflected light from both of said	
14	laser sources; and		
15	_	rating having a first surface with a grating configured to diffract reflected	
16	light from said first laser source to said detector, and having a non grating surface for		
17	allowing reflected light from said second laser source to pass directly to said detector without		
18	diffraction.		
1	11.	An improved method for directing first and second laser sources to a	
2	media, then directing reflected light to a detector, the improvement comprising:		
3	pro	widing a single detector for detecting reflected light from both of said laser	
4	sources; and		
5	dif	fracting reflected light from said first laser source to said detector, and	
6	allowing reflected light from said second laser source to pass directly to said detector withou		
7	diffraction.		

1	1	2. The method of claim 11 further comprising:	
2	d	letermining a separation of said laser sources; and	
3	v	rarying a distance of a diffraction grating from said detector to direct reflected	
4	light with said separation to said detector.		
1	1	3. The method of claim 11 further comprising:	
2	d	etermining a separation of said laser sources; and	
3	fo	forming a diffraction pattern to direct reflected light with said separation to	
4	said detector.		